

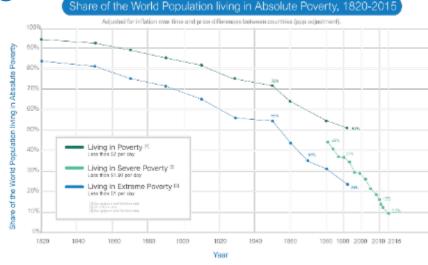
Clean Tech Energy is the future

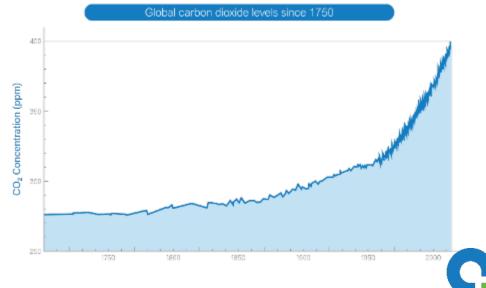
True sustainability means maintaining human progress and protecting our ecosystem at the same time

The solution is developing hydrocarbons responsibly with existing and new clean tech to transform our energy usage

Low emission hubs using new carbon tech including sequestration are emerging globally with private and government support

Questerre has been at the forefront of integrating these technologies into its projects



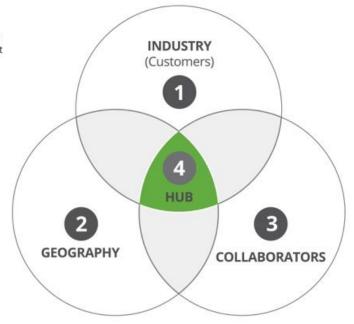


Low-emission industrial hubs

- Integrated sites utilizing clean energy (e.g. hydrogen) while transporting emissions for storage or recycling
 - Turn these services into utilities like water electricity, etc.
 - Service multiple customers instead of traditional single-customer focus
- Establish centres of excellence or megacentres that develop new carbon tech to recycle CO₂ into high value products

The Hub Concept¹

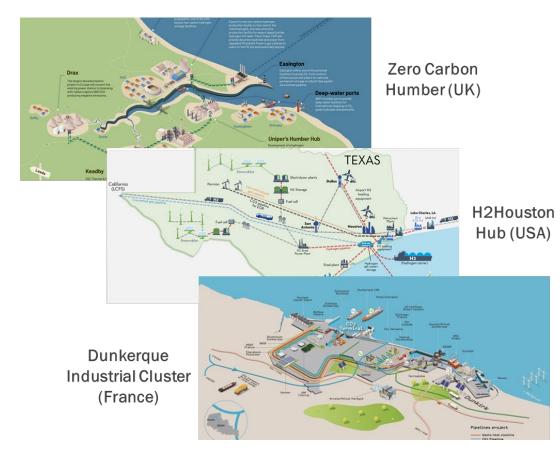
- 1 Representing a significant level of aggregate emissions; at least one H2 sub-sector; and at least one anchor customer.
- Geography
 Bounded region with characteristics that enable decarbonization pathway (e.g., pores for CCUS)
- Collaborators
 Provides capacity to maximize value within a hub, for instance, by forming novel business models, engaging in advocacy, granting/increasing market access, etc.
- Hub
 Hubs are high-potential geographic areas
 that contain a critical mass of clustered
 customers/industries and willing
 collaborators that maximize value.



⁽¹⁾ Deloitte, Low-Carbon Industrial Hubs: Driving Deep Decarbonization for Industry, 2022

Low-emission industrial hubs

- Plans for low-emissions hubs under development in Europe, United States and Canada
 - Circular economy is key to energy transition and meeting low emission targets by 2050
- Key elements of these hubs include carbon capture, recycling and storage as well as low-emissions hydrogen production
- Questerre exploring opportunities to develop hubs in partnership with First Nations in Alberta







St. Lawrence Lowlands, Quebec

Seeking value for a giant natural gas discovery

NORTH AMERICA



Western Alberta

Condensate-rich Montney resource play with attractive economics



SE Saskatchewan/SW Manitoba

Proven Torquay/Spearfish tight oil production with strong netbacks



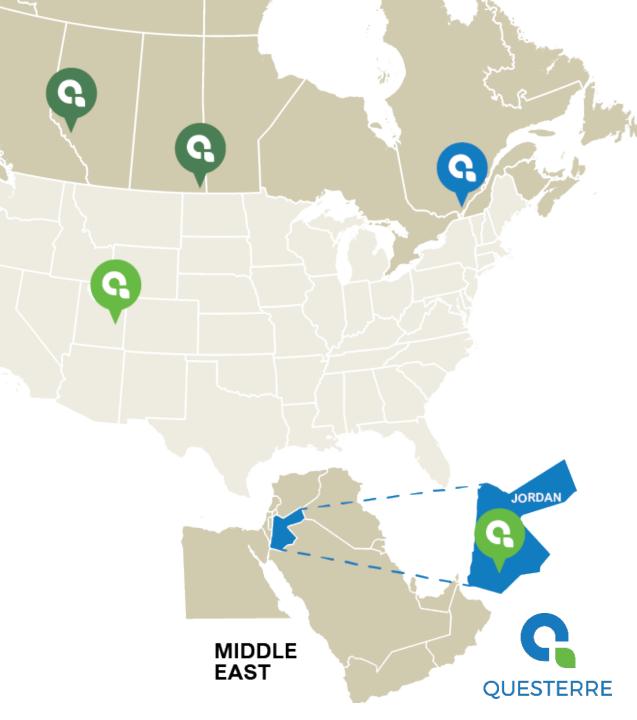
Utah

Scope 3 emissions hub and large oil resource through strategic interest in Red Leaf



Kingdom of Jordan

Significant oil shale deposit being assessed for commercial development



Financial and operational overview

For the quarter ended June 30, 2024

Operating and Financial Results

Funds Flow from Operations (\$) \$ 4.5 million

Capital Expenditures (\$) \$ 7.0 million

Working Capital Surplus (\$) \$27.6 million

Credit Facility (undrawn) (\$) \$ 16 million

Production (boe/d)

Oil + Liquids Weighting

Revenue (\$/boe)

Operating Netback (\$/boe)

36.75

Capitalization and Liquidity

Market Capitalization (Sept. 6, 2024)

\$ 90 million

Insiders	24,099,804	6%
Free Float	404,416,032	94%
Total	428,515,836	

Stock Options Outstanding (avg. \$0.25)

38.4 million

Daily Trading Volume

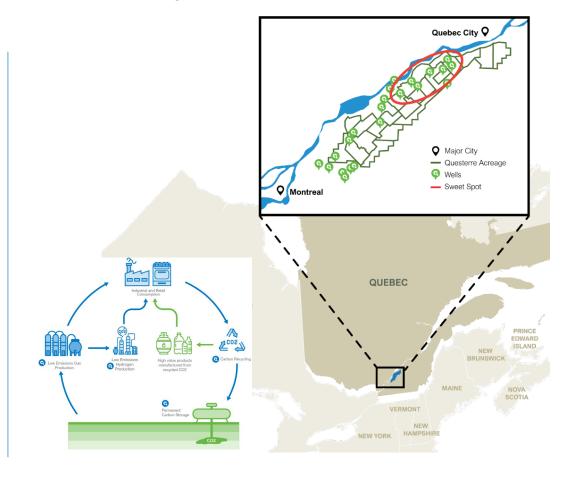
1.4 million





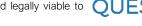
Seeking full value for a giant discovery

- GLJ assessment of 7 Tcf of gas risked contingent (1.6 Tcf) and prospective (5.4 Tcf) resources⁽¹⁾
 - 2020 evaluation with 50% chance of development was 1.6 Tcf with NPV-10 of ~\$1.0 billion (best estimate contingent resources only) (2)
 - Potential to meet up to 50% of Germany's natural gas imports from Russia or 1.5 Bcf/d⁽³⁾
 - Does not include value of carbon storage rights
- Full cycle low-emissions project design including carbon recycling and storage, low-emissions hydrogen production and low-emission gas production – Scope 3 emissions
- Supportive stakeholders including First Nations, local towns, trade unions and farmers
 - Only 13% of Quebecers oppose development based on October 2021 Leger polling



⁽¹⁾ See Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020, and dated March 24, 2021, under the Corporation's profile at www.sedarplus.ca. There is no certainty that any portion of the prospective resources will be discovered. If discovered, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the resources. See "GLJ Resource Report" under Forward Looking Information.

⁽²⁾ An estimate of risked net present value of future net revenue of contingent and prospective resources is preliminary in nature and is provided to assist the reader in reaching an opinion on the merit and likelihood of the company proceeding with the required investment. It includes contingent resources and prospective resources that are considered too uncertain with respect to the chance of development and chance of discovery, respectively, to be classified as reserves. There is uncertainty that the risked net present value of future net revenue will be realized.



Impending energy shortage creates opportunity

- Energy transition policies driving projected power shortages in Canada, including Quebec, in next few years
- Impacting Quebec's ability to attract new investment
 - Loss of \$13 billion Volkswagen battery plant to Ontario due in part to lack of insufficient electricity supply – Former Quebec Energy Minister
- Bill 69 highlights these energy challenges
 - Integrated energy resource plan to focus on both electric power and natural gas markets

Renewables / Energy

Hydro-Québec's looming power shortage seen threatening climate goals Le gaz naturel e

ocal Business / Business

Hard choices will have to be made, energy minister warns Quebecers

"Our surpluses have melted like glaciers under the sun of climate change," Energy Minister Pierre Fitzgibbon says.

Frédéric Tomesco

Published May 19, 2023 • Last updated May 22, 2023 • 4 minute read

55 Comments



Quebec Energy Minister Pierre Fitzgibbon answers questions following his speech to the Chambe of Commerce of Metropolitan Montreal on Friday. PHOTO BY JOHN MAHONEY /Montreal Gazett

The era of large energy surpluses is over, Quebec's energy minister says.

Le gaz naturel et le nucléaire font partie de la solution, selon Pierre Fitzgibbon

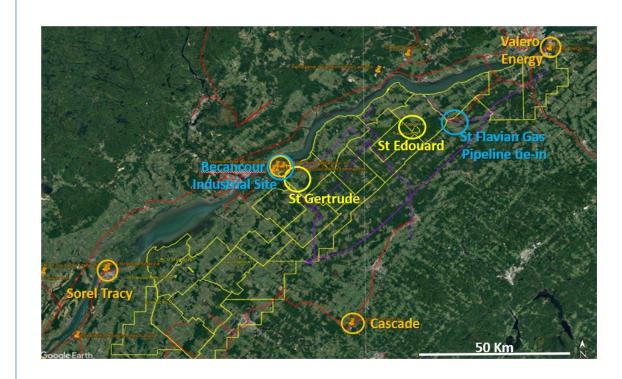
Le projet de loi à venir du ministre mettra la table pour une discussion sur le mix épergétique du Québec





Carbon storage – a new opportunity in Quebec

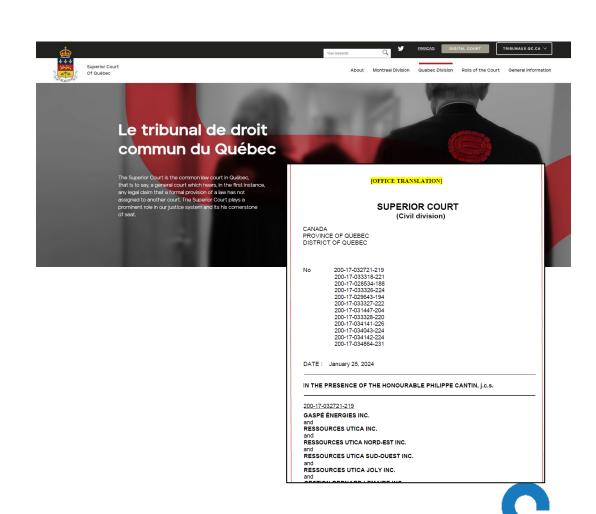
- Government of Quebec seeking proposals for pilot projects
 - Questerre submitted application for carbon storage test
 - Application includes demonstration of smallscale low-emissions hydrogen production
- Quebec low-emissions gas is shovel-ready and scalable solution to the electricity crisis
 - Backup power for peak periods to eliminate curtailments and price spikes
 - Frees up high value hydro-electricity for local consumption and exports





Protecting shareholders' rights in Quebec – next steps

- Superior Court Justice suspends key provisions of Bill 21 for duration of judicial proceedings
 - Justice acknowledges existence of a serious legal matter and serious and irreparable harm if the request for stay is refused
 - Judgement is enforced even if an appeal is filed
 - Attorney General granted leave to appeal
- Next steps are pre-trial examinations in advance of establishing date for hearing on the merits of the case





Next steps

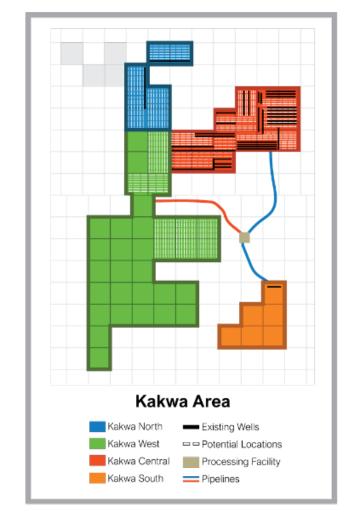
- Assessing Government interest in carbon storage and hydrogen as a solution to emissions reduction and energy shortage
- Pursuing claim for unjust enrichment and breach of contract against Government
 - Discoveries underway in advance of main hearing on merits of case
 - Expert witness report on damage valuation near completion
- Working with stakeholders to protect their legal rights





Commodity prices driving development plans

- Operators exercising capital discipline by maintaining pace of development within cash flow
- Current Kakwa production of ~2,000 boe/d should grow with additional drilling at Kakwa North next year
 - Peak production of up to 5,000 boe/d based on proved and probable undeveloped locations (1)







Strategic investment in Red Leaf

- Over 20 patents issued for an economic process to produce oil from shale with integrated carbon capture
 - Patent pending application to use this technology for heat and power generation
- Applying technology to over 7 billion barrels of unrisked discovered resource in Kingdom of Jordan⁽¹⁾ and significant oil resource in Utah
- A Scope 3 emissions industrial park anchor tenant
 - A wax processing facility in a niche oilproducing basin with a grandfathered environmental permit
 - Seeking Government funding to advance CCUS pilot



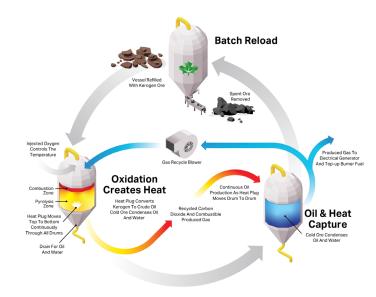




⁽¹⁾ There is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the resources. Please reference the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2016, and dated March 24, 2017, as filed under the Corporation's profile on www.sedarplus.ca. Millcreek Resource Assessment effective September 30, 2016. See "Forward-Looking Information" and "Resource Disclosure".

New technology incorporates carbon capture

- Technology redesign to reduce capital costs and improve environmental footprint
 - Red Leaf estimates capital and operating costs reduced to ~US\$30/bbl with new process
 - CO₂ production combined with carbon capture and sequestration
 - Global engineering firm, Hatch, sees 'clear path to commercialization for technology'
- Large scale lab pilot underway
 - Designed to produce ~2 barrels per day and demonstrate technology design





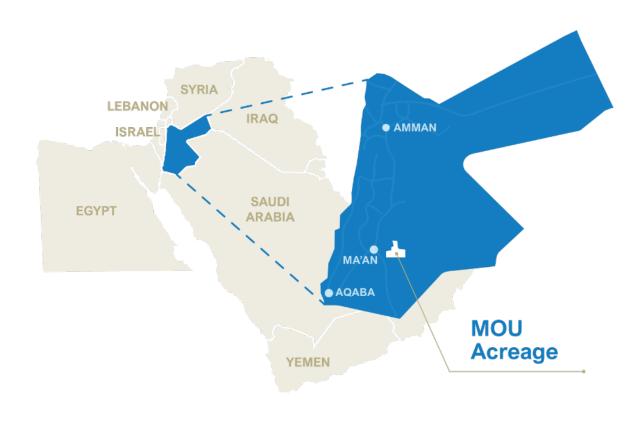


Large-Scale Lab Pilot Facility, Utah



Oil Shale Acreage

- Assessing high yield acreage in Jordan
 - Best estimate of unrisked discovered petroleum initially in place of 7.8 billion barrels⁽¹⁾
 - Favorable regulatory environment with first 470MW oil shale power plant on production last year
- Assessing redesigned Red Leaf technology for Jordan acreage
 - Completed preliminary engineering for small scale project (200-400 bbl/d)
 - Assessing options to increase capacity to 500-1,000 bbl/d and demonstrate continuous operation
- Continuing concession negotiations

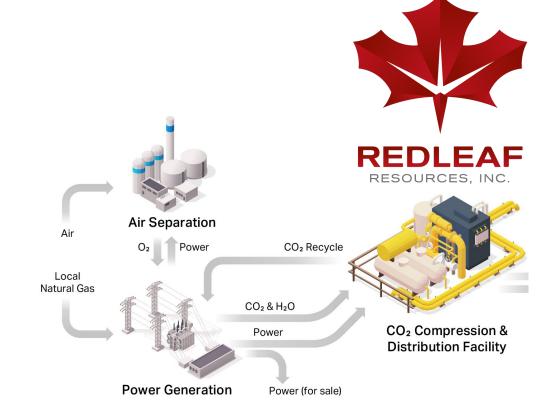




⁽¹⁾ There is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the resources. Please reference the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2016, and dated March 24, 2017, as filed under the Corporation's profile on www.sedarplus.ca. Millcreek Resource Assessment effective September 30, 2016. See "Forward-Looking Information" and "Resource Disclosure".

Low-Temperature Oxy-Fuel Technology

- Broadening application of HCCO technology to power and heat generation – larger and more diverse market opportunity
 - Assessing opportunities including offshore platforms
- Lower temperature and pressure compared to conventional oxy-fuel technologies
- Pre-combustion O2 separation from air expected to be cheaper than post-combustion CO2 + N2 separation from exhaust gas
- Developing path to commercialization





Wax processing facility anchors low-emissions hub

- 7,000 acres of surface rights in oilproducing Uinta Basin in Utah with carbon sequestration rights
- Utah Department of Air Quality permit for a 40,000 bbl/d project
- Working with key government and community stakeholders including Native tribe to develop processing facility as part of Scope 3 emissions industrial park
 - First step to include carbon storage test in conjunction with University of Utah



Solvent

Rail for asphalt/



Outlook

- Pursue political and business solution in Quebec for energy crisis
 - Assist partners in protecting their rights
- Advance Scope 3 low emissions energy hubs as solution for sustainable development
 - Assessing government funding for CCUS pilots
- Continue to participate in additional drilling at Kakwa based on prices



MANAGEMENT AND BOARD



Board of Directors

Michael Binnion. President & Chief Executive Officer

Bjorn Inge Tonnessen, Chairman

- Oil & Gas E&P experience & former senior equity research analyst
- Former CEO & President, Edge Petroleum AS
- o Former CEO & President, Spike Exploration AS, now part of Var Energi

Mireille Fontaine

- Lawyer with corporate finance practice
- o Partner, BCF Business Law, a Quebec-based law firm

Hans Jacob Holden

- Corporate finance experience
- Former Business Development, AF Gruppen, civil engineering and construction company
- Formerly Corporate Finance at Pareto Securities

Jauvonne Kitto

- Extensive experience with Indigenous businesses, corporate governance and advocacy
- Chief Executive of Saa Dene Group, holding company for Indigenousowned or controlled businesses

Dennis Sykora, Chairman of Audit Committee

- Chartered Accountant and Lawyer
- Oil & gas experience primarily with service sector and international operations

Management

Michael Binnion, President & Chief Executive Officer

John Brodylo, VP Exploration (Nexen)

Peter Coldham, VP Engineering (Chevron)

Jason D'Silva, Chief Financial Officer (CanArgo, Flowing)

Rick Tityk, VP Land (Hunt Oil)



FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION



This presentation contains certain forward–looking information and statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws. The use of any of the words "expect", "anticipate", "continue", "estimate", "may", "will", "project", "should", "believe", "plans", "intends", "outlook", "strategy", "potential", "forward", "defer" and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking information or statements. In particular, but without limiting the forgoing, this presentation may contain forward-looking information and statements pertaining to the following: seeking full value for Questerre's natural gas discovery in Quebec; assessment of Quebec government interest in hydrogen and carbon storage as a solution to the energy shortage; working with stakeholders in Quebec to protect their legal rights; Red Leaf working with stakeholders to develop the processing facility and rail-loading as part of the Scope 3 emissions industrial park in the Uintah Basin, the potential of low-emissions industrial hubs; technology redesign by Red Leaf to reduce capital and operating costs and reduce the environmental footprint; the potential for co-production of rare earth elements as a by-product; corporate strategy, developing hydrocarbons responsibly, potential to meet 50% of Germany's natural gas imports from Russia, support in Quebec for local natural gas development, pursuing a claim for unjust enrichment and breach of contract against the Government of Quebec; the pursuit of a political and business solution in Quebec for the energy crisis; resource estimates, oil and gas reserves, industry consolidation, drilling plans, production potential in Kakwa, seeking to maintain production and cash flow from Kakwa, the 40,000 bbl/d refinery project, the proposed Unita Basin Railway, assessing redesigned Red Leaf technology for Jordan acreage and continuing concession negotiations in Jordan.

Certain information, including information set out under the heading Financial and operational overview", is "financial outlook" within the meaning of applicable securities laws. Financial outlook has been prepared by Management to provide readers with disclosure regarding the Corporation's reasonable expectations as to the anticipated results of its proposed business activities for 2023 and beyond. Readers are cautioned that this financial outlook is based upon numerous assumptions, including the assumptions discussed herein and may not be appropriate for other than indicative purposes. The actual results of operations and the resulting financial results will likely vary from the amounts set forth in the analysis presented in this presentation, and such variation may be material.

Questerre and its management believe that the financial outlook information herein has been prepared on a reasonable basis, reflecting the best estimates and judgments, and represent, to the best of management's knowledge and opinion, Questerre's expected expenditures and results of operations. However, because this information is highly subjective and subject to numerous risks including the risks discussed herein, it should not be relied on as necessarily indicative of future results. Except as required by applicable Canadian securities laws, Questerre undertakes no obligation to update any such financial outlook information.

The recovery and reserve estimates of Questerre's reserves and resources provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves or resources will be recovered. In addition, forward-looking statements or information are based on a number of material factors, expectations or assumptions of Questerre which have been used to develop such statements and information, but which may prove to be incorrect. Although Questerre believes that the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements or information are reasonable, undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements because Questerre can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct.

In addition to other factors and assumptions which may be identified herein, assumptions have been made regarding, among other things: the timing and extent of capital programs by Questerre and its partners in Alberta, the scale and scope of its investment in Red Leaf and developments with Red Leaf and its assets, the impact of increasing competition; the general stability of the economic and political environment in which Questerre operates; the timely receipt of any required regulatory approvals; the ability of Questerre to obtain qualified staff, equipment and services in a timely and cost efficient manner; drilling results; the ability of the operator of the projects in which Questerre has an interest in to operate the field in a safe, efficient and effective manner; the ability of Questerre to obtain financing on acceptable terms; field production rates and decline rates; the ability to replace and expand oil and natural gas reserves through acquisition, development and exploration; the timing and cost of pipeline, storage and facility construction and expansion and the ability of Questerre to secure adequate product transportation; future commodity prices; currency, exchange and interest rates; regulatory framework regarding royalties, taxes and environmental matters in the jurisdictions in which Questerre operates; and the ability of Questerre to successfully market its oil and natural gas products.

Past performance of Questerre or other entities referred to in this presentation is shown for illustrative purposes only, does not guarantee future results of Questerre and is not meant to forecast, imply or quarantee the future performance of Questerre, which will vary.



The forward-looking information and statements included in this presentation are not guarantees of future performance and should not be unduly relied upon. Such information and statements, including the assumptions made in respect thereof, involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause actual results or events to differ materially from those anticipated in such forward-looking information or statements including, without limitation: changes in commodity prices; changes in the demand for or supply of Questerre's products; unanticipated operating results or production declines; changes in tax or environmental laws, royalty rates or other regulatory matters; changes in development plans of Questerre or by party operators of Questerre's properties; increased debt levels or debt service requirements; inaccurate estimation of Questerre's oil and gas reserve volumes; limited, unfavorable or a lack of access to capital markets; increased costs; a lack of inadequate insurance coverage; the impact of competitors; and certain other risks detailed from time-to-time in Questerre's public disclosure documents, (including, without limitation, those risks identified in this presentation and Questerre's Annual Information Form).

The forward-looking information and statements contained in this presentation speak only as of the date of this presentation, and Questerre does not assume any obligation to publicly update or revise any of the included forward-looking statements or information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required by applicable securities laws.

Oil & Gas Advisories

A boe conversion ratio of six thousand cubic feet per barrel (6 mcf/bbl) of natural gas to barrels of oil equivalent is based upon an energy equivalency conversion method primarily applicable at the burner tip and does not represent a value equivalency for the individual products at the wellhead. Such disclosure of boe's may be misleading, particularly if used in isolation. Additionally, given the value ratio based on the current price of crude oil compared to natural gas is significantly different from the energy equivalency of 6:1, utilizing a conversion ratio at 6:1 may be misleading as an indication of value.

Reserves Disclosure

McDaniel Reserve Report

McDaniel & Associates Consultants Ltd. ("McDaniel"), independent petroleum engineers of Calgary, Alberta prepared an Evaluation of Oil & Gas Reserves dated March 4, 2024 (the "McDaniel Reserve Report") which evaluation is effective December 31, 2023. The McDaniel Reserve Report is in respect of Questerre's conventional oil and gas properties and excludes its assets in the Quebec Lowlands and its oil shale assets to which no reserves are currently assigned.

The McDaniel Reserve Report was prepared in accordance with the standards contained in the COGE Handbook and the reserves definitions contained in National Instrument 51-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Oil and Gas Activities. The reserve estimates of crude oil, NGLs and natural gas reserves provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated reserves will be recovered. Actual crude oil, NGLs and natural gas reserves may be greater than or less than the estimates provided herein. All of the Company's crude oil, NGLs and natural gas reserves are located in Canada. The estimates of reserves for individual properties may not reflect the same confidence level as estimates of reserves and future net revenue for all properties, due to the effects of aggregation.

The process of estimating reserves is complex. It requires significant judgments and decisions based on available geological, geophysical, engineering and economic data. These estimates may change substantially as additional data from ongoing development activities and production performance becomes available and as economic conditions impacting oil and gas prices and costs change. The reserve estimates contained herein are based on current production forecasts, commodity prices and economic conditions. Estimates made are reviewed and revised, either upward or downward, as warranted by the new information. Revisions are often required due to changes in well performance, commodity prices, economic conditions and governmental restrictions. Although every reasonable effort is made to ensure that reserve estimates are accurate, reserve estimation is an inferential science. Questerre's actual production, revenues, taxes, development and operating expenditures with respect to its reserves may vary from such estimates, and such variances could be material. Specifically, recent production data from wells drilled and placed on production or wells recently equipped with gas lift facilities in the Kakwa area may result in changes to the estimates of reserves. Furthermore, recent production data from wells that may be worked over in the Antler area could also result in changes to the estimates of reserves. Changes to Questerre's drilling programs, both on an operated and non-operated basis, may also result in changes to reserve estimates. As the majority of Questerre's reserves in the Kakwa joint venture acreage are currently non-operated, any changes to the operator's drilling program could impact reserve estimates. Questerre may amend the allocation of capital investment petween its areas of operation, particularly Kakwa and Antler based on results and commodity prices.



Millcreek Report

In October 2016, Questerre commissioned an independent assessment of its oil shale resources in Jordan (the "Millcreek Report"). The Millcreek Report was conducted by Millcreek Mining Group, an independent qualified reserves evaluator, as defined by NI 51-101 with an effective date of September 30, 2016. The assessment was prepared in accordance with NI 51-101 and the COGE Handbook. The assessment indicated a best estimate of discovered petroleum initially in place of between 7.8 billion barrels to 12.2 billion barrels. Given the preliminary nature of the Millcreek Report, it does not contain any estimates regarding the timing or cost to obtain commercial development nor has Questerre finalized the specific technology to be used. For more information, please refer to Questerre's press release dated October 27, 2016 and Questerre's Annual Information Form dated March 24, 2017 available on its website at www.questerre.com or on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

Questerre is in the process of completing a conceptual study, however, at this time, given the preliminary nature of the Jordan Resource Assessment, it does not contain any estimates regarding the timing or cost to obtain commercial development nor has Questerre finalized the specific recovery technology to be used. Questerre is conducting an economic feasibility analysis, which involves assessing multiple retorting processes, including two processes that have been proven at commercial scale. Also under evaluation is the Eco-Shale process. In conjunction with the assessment of retorting processes, Questerre has commissioned and finalized three engineering studies for the mining, preparation of ore and upgrading of the produced oil and other products. Questerre anticipates incorporating the results from these studies in a subsequent update of the Jordan Resource Assessment. DPIIP and UPIIP are the most specific assignable categories of resources at this time given the preliminary nature of the Jordan Resource Assessment, the nature of recovery of the hydrocarbons by means of mining and that a program of work to determine commercial viability using established technology has not yet been completed.

Resource Disclosure

Questerre's resources are located in Canada, in the Province of Quebec, and in Jordan. Unless otherwise indicated, all volumes of Questerre's resources presented herein are on an unrisked basis, meaning that they have not been adjusted for the chance of commerciality, and all volumes are presented on a gross basis, meaning Questerre's working interest before deduction of royalties and without including any royalty interests of Questerre.

The estimates of Questerre's resources provided herein are estimates only and there is no guarantee that the estimated resources will be recovered. Actual resources may be greater than or less than the estimates provided herein and variances could be material. With respect to Questerre's discovered resources (including contingent resources), there is uncertainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the resources. With respect to Questerre's undiscovered resources (including prospective resources), there is no certainty that any portion of the resources will be discovered. If discovered, there is no certainty that it will be commercially viable to produce any portion of the resources. Please see "Risk Factors" Page 27 in the Annual Information Form dated March 23, 2023.

GLJ Resource Report (St, Lawrence Lowlands, Quebec)

Questerre engaged GLJ Ltd. ("GLJ") to prepare the GLJ Resource Report, an independent resource assessment of its 1.2 million gross (1 million net acres) in the St. Lawrence Lowlands, Quebec that have potential for the Upper Utica Shale effective December 31, 2020 in a report dated March 17, 2021 (the "GLJ Resource Report"). The GLJ Resource Report was prepared in accordance with NI 51-101 and the standards contained in the COGE Handbook. The GLJ Resource Report did not include any of the Corporation's other properties. All anticipated results disclosed herein were prepared by GLJ, which is an independent qualified reserves evaluator. For more information, please refer to Appendix "A" of Questerre's Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 and dated March 24, 2021 available on its website at www.questerre.com or on SEDAR+ at www.sedarplus.ca.

The GLJ Report used probabilistic methods to generate low, best and high estimates of total petroleum initially in place ("TPIIP"), both discovered and undiscovered. Recoverable Contingent and Prospective Resources over Questerre's acreage were estimated by analogy and based on available well data over the Quebec Utica and public data from US Utica and Marcellus shale plays. The evaluation consisted of the Upper Utica which includes the Indian Castle and Dolgeville members as well as the Flat Creek, the lower most member, was only evaluated to estimate undiscovered petroleum initially-in-place ("UPIIP"). No recoverable resources were assigned to the Flat Creek given the lack of test data showing established technology can support commercial development at this time.

The GLJ Report is based on the results from several vertical and horizontal wells on Questerre's acreage that have all encountered pay in the Utica. Test data from these wells in conjunction with offset development and studies of the analogous US Utica supports the prospective commercial development of these resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources include the importation of all natural gas consumed in Quebec creating demand for local production, premium realized pricing due to the transportation costs associated with importing natural gas for control of all natural gas consumed in Questerre's existing wells and the development of the analogous Utica shale in the United States. Significant negative factors include the limited number of wells on Questerre's acreage that have all encountered pay in the Utica. Test data from these wells in conjunction with offset development and studies of the analogous US Utica supports the prospective commercial development program in the Questerre's resources include the importance of all natural gas consumed in Questerre's resources include the importance of the analogous Utica shale in the United States. Significant negative factors include the limited number of wells on Questerre's acreage that have all encountered pay in the Utica. Test page that the development program to the estimate of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources include the importance of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources include the importance of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the estimate of Questerre's resources. Significant positive factors relevant to the Utica

