



**ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
JERÓNIMO MARTINS, SGPS, S.A.
April 24th, 2025**

**PROPOSAL OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
ITEM 1 OF THE AGENDA**

(To resolve on the 2024 financial statements, including the management report, the individual and consolidated accounts, the corporate governance report and other corporate, supervisory and audit information documents)

The Board of Directors of Jerónimo Martins, SGPS, S.A. proposes that Shareholders resolve on the 2024 financial statements, including the management report, the individual and consolidated accounts, the corporate governance report and other corporate, supervisory and audit information documents, as presented.

Lisbon, March 18th, 2025.

The Board of Directors



**ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
JERÓNIMO MARTINS, SGPS, S.A.
April 24th, 2025**

**PROPOSAL OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS
ITEM 2 OF THE AGENDA
(To resolve on the proposal for application of results)**

In the financial year 2024, Jerónimo Martins, SGPS, S.A. declared consolidated net earnings of 599,001,274.01 euros and net earnings at its individual accounts of 705,214,945.63 euros.

Under article thirty-first of the Company's articles of association, the Board of Directors proposes to the Company' Shareholders the following appropriation of the net earnings for the year:

- Free Reserves 294,438,755.83 euros;
- Endowment to Jerónimo Martins Foundation 40,000,000.00 euros;
- Dividends 370,776,189.80 euros.

The proposed distribution of profits for the year represents a gross dividend payment of 0.59 euros per share, excluding own shares in the portfolio.

Lisbon, March 18th 2025.

The Board of Directors

**ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
JERÓNIMO MARTINS, SGPS, S.A.**

April 24th, 2025

**PROPOSAL OF THE REMUNERATION COMMITTEE
(Item of the Agenda Concerning the Company's Corporate Bodies Remuneration
Policy)**

The Remuneration Committee, pursuant to the terms and for the purpose of Articles 26-A and 26-B of the Securities Code, proposes to the Shareholders' General Meeting the approval of the following Company's Corporate Bodies Remuneration Policy:

Company's Corporate Bodies Remuneration Policy

1. Independence and conflicts of interest

The Committee keeps and reaffirms, at every moment, its independent nature, being composed only by non-directors appointed by the Shareholders. This independence, together with the permanent monitoring of the benchmark referred to above and the resource, whenever necessary, to the best external consulting services, constitutes an effective way to avoid any possible conflicts of interest with the members of the corporate bodies at stake.

2. Core principles

The Remuneration Committee reviewed and gave careful consideration to the

principles that govern the remuneration policy of the corporate bodies of the Company. These principles reinforce and highlight those aspects of the remuneration policy that are critical to the sustainability of the Jerónimo Martins business, namely:

- The international landscape should be the foundation of the benchmark for the corporate bodies' competitive remuneration. It is essential to maintain the ability to attract and retain the best talent in a competitive international context;
- The alignment of the remuneration of the Corporate Bodies members to their responsibilities, their availability and their competencies put at the service of the Company;
- The target competitiveness level, encompassing the total remuneration package (Fixed remuneration and Variable payments), that should consider the best practices of the reference market (vg, European top executives' market) and the internal remuneration policies;
- The alignment with the Company employees' remuneration policies and employment conditions is ensured by considering the reference markets and/or other companies with similar strategic positioning (always comparing to equivalent jobs) that confer a substantial level of internal equity and adequate external competitiveness;
- The importance of rewarding the commitment to the Group's overall strategy and to the shareholders' long-term interests, the achievement of superior results and the demonstration of appropriate attitude and behaviors, which is also taken into consideration in the rewarding policies of the Company; and
- The need to safeguard the overall interests of the Company.

3. Organizational model and remuneration framework

The committee decided to propose to maintain the above-mentioned policy's principles. The proposal considers the legal framework and the existing recommendations, as well as the organizational model adopted by the Board of Directors.

With respect to the organization of the Board of Directors, the Remuneration Committee has specifically considered the following characteristics:

- The existence of a Chief Executive Officer with delegated duties (who since December 18th 2013, accumulates such duty with that of Chairman of the Board of Directors) regarding the day-to-day management of the Company;
- The existence of a Director or Directors to whom the Board have entrusted or may entrust special duties;
- The participation of non-executive Directors in Specialized Committees, who are, therefore, called to devote increased time to the Company's affairs.

Given the current organizational model and in accordance with the framework of our compensation principles, the Remuneration Committee considers also relevant:

- Ensure that the remuneration of Directors with executive duties is aligned with international market practices, reinforcing the importance of keeping the process for defining targets and assessing performance, which should be subject to review and/or update on a regular basis (every mandate).
- To guarantee the consistency between the quantitative key performance indicators defined for the Chief Executive Officer annual performance evaluation and those that are also considered, according to their responsibilities, in the annual performance appraisal for all Company's

managers.

Considering the above-mentioned core principles and assumptions, the following remuneration framework was defined:

3.1. Non-executive Directors

- The **remuneration of the non-executive Directors** shall be a fixed amount exclusively, reviewed periodically according to international best practices and taking into consideration the benchmark with other listed companies and the specific responsibilities and availability of such Directors.
- The amount paid to **Directors with non-executive duties** may be differentiated for those **who have been assigned functions in Specialized Committees or Supervisory Boards of subsidiaries**. With respect to those, the Remuneration Committee considers it appropriate to award a fee per meeting, since the duties performed on behalf of these Committees and Supervisory Boards demand additional availability from the respective committee members. An additional fixed remuneration may also be paid to those non-executive directors who are in charge of specific tasks.

3.2. Directors with executive duties

Regarding the **remuneration of Directors with executive duties**, specifically the **Chief Executive Officer (CEO)**, the Remuneration Committee decided to maintain the existence of two remuneration components, fixed and variable:

- i) Fixed Component: The fixed component of remuneration corresponds to a

monthly remuneration paid in 14 monthly installments, the amount of which is determined taking into account the duties and responsibilities attributed to the CEO of the Company, the performance achieved and the benchmark for similar position; also, the CEO remuneration cannot or should not create an impediment to the competitiveness of the Company's remuneration policies;

- ii) Variable Component: the variable component corresponds to an annual amount determined by the Remuneration Committee and is limited to the maximum amount of three times the value of the fixed remuneration. The determination of a final amount is based on an annual individual performance evaluation. The evaluation is based on a framework of key quantitative indicators, which should be in line with the Group strategic goals and business plans approved by the Board of Directors, and qualitative priorities that are key to the long-term sustainability of the business.

These dimensions – quantitative and qualitative – the latter more a long-term by nature, critical for the future success of the businesses and, as such, can have a timeline that can exceed a year.

Bearing in mind the contribution of the countries and business areas where the Group operates, the Remuneration Committee considers adequate that the payment of fixed and variable components of remuneration to Directors with executive duties be split between the Company and its subsidiary companies where such Directors are also members of the management body, in a proportion determined by this Committee.

3.2.1. Performance evaluation methodology and variable remuneration attribution

The Remuneration Committee considers that the individual achievement of each of the targets set should not, in itself, determine the automatic attribution of any percentage

of the total variable remuneration. Thus, once the targets have been set by the Board of Directors, whether financial (quantitative) or qualitative, the Committee considers that it can scrutinize the degree of interdependence between the different indicators and the impact the achievement of a target may have on obtaining or not, other targets, defining that the final global evaluation assumes an holistic nature, without prejudice to the weighting referred to below for the financial (quantitative) and qualitative components.

The quantitative key performance indicators account for 50% of the individual performance calculation and reflect the financial performance related to the company's growth and the shareholders' return. The financial performance indicators, which will be weighted according to the strategic priorities of the Company, the context of the business and the overall interests of the Stakeholders, take into account:

- the turnover growth – is based on reported consolidated sales increase. However, it is assessed its real growth on a like-for-like basis, the contribution of organic growth, the evolution of new and mature markets, the evolution of sales per square meter and per employee full-time equivalent (FTE), capital turnover, and the impact on gross margin for achieving the proposed targets.
- the earnings evolution – is based on the consolidated net results, with targets defined in absolute value. It also takes into consideration the evolution of earnings before taxes, interests, depreciations and amortizations (EBITDA), the EBITDA margin (with and without IFRS16), the impact on it of the growth of developing markets, the weighting of the different markets in the sales mix and, the evolution of the EBITDA margin in each business area and country.
- the return on invested capital – is based on the economic value added (EVA) defined in absolute value deducted from minority interests. It is taken into account the rates of return on capital invested in each business and the respective cost of capital in each country (with and without IFRS 16), the evolution in relation to previous years and at estimated rates, the rate of

reinvestment relating to depreciations amount, the evolution of the average amount invested per square meter of sales area, the comparison with the return rates of the sector, the impact on the achieved value of the businesses under development, and finally, the cash flow released at the disposal of shareholders (the conversion rate of earnings into cash).

- the robustness of the Company's capital structure – is measured by the debt ratio ("gearing" – net financial debt after distribution of dividends, divided by equity). It is also weighted the value of the working capital and its contribution to financing invested capital and reducing financial debt, the structure of financing obtained, currencies and maturity, its contribution to hedging exchange rate risks, and the interest coverage rate on EBITDA.

The qualitative key performance indicators account for 50% of the individual performance calculation and are grounded in the evaluation of real implementation of transversal projects to the Group's Companies, aligned with established priorities, to ensure the future business competitiveness and the long-term sustainability. The individual performance indicators are some of the followings:

- strategic direction and allocation of resources/investments – includes both the development and implementation of strategic projects, and the exploitation of new investment opportunities, consistent with the Group's capabilities and resources. Considering the objective of sustained growth and the permanent transformation of the Company in order to ensure its competitiveness and success, the adoption of investment decisions and the launching of projects or initiatives whose execution makes it possible to avoid the dilution of return on capital and guarantee the strength of the balance sheet.
- organizational health and talent agenda – is evaluated the dissemination of the Company's values, the consolidation of the core elements of its culture, the degree of engagement and satisfaction of employees, the identification and promotion of leaders who guarantee the growth of the Company, and the

normal replacement of executive and management teams, linking the human resources strategy to the business strategy, monitoring the implementation of salary policies suited to remunerate loyalty and merit, as well as social responsibility projects within the scope of HR;

- and multi-stakeholder relations. The performance and results achieved in the multi-stakeholder relations indicator are measured by Environmental Social and Governance (ESG) analysts according to the information disclosed on the policies, practices and KPI's. The Committee takes into account, in particular, the progress shown during the year, considering the aspirations defined by the Board of Directors in this matter, and the evolution made by other organizations within the same sector and / or country.

The attribution of the annual variable component should consider the following criteria: a) if after review, the individual performance does not meet any of the set targets (quantitative or qualitative), there will be no annual variable remuneration payment; b) if the individual performance equals or exceeds in all or some of the targets, the variable remuneration payment may range from 50% to 100% of the maximum variable amount.

The process for the CEO performance review includes an annual performance assessment with quarterly reviews which are made available to the Remuneration Committee. The assessment and reviews are based on evidence, and on a regular monitoring of the degree of achievement of the targets. In accordance with the established procedure, the annual performance cycle is concluded with the award of the variable incentive component in the first quarter of the year following the performance period after the calculation of the full year results. The payment is made during the first semester.

Together, the fixed and variable components should ensure a competitive remuneration in the international market and drive individual and collective performance, through the setting and achievement of ambitious goals of

accelerated growth and appropriate shareholder return. Furthermore, the Committee considers that the Remuneration Policy of the Company is also aligned with the remuneration practices of comparable publicly traded peers, operating in the global arena. Given the pressures in the marketplace for executive capabilities, the Remuneration Committee analyzes the competitiveness of the Company in this matter from time to time based on appropriate and reliable benchmark studies provided by independent and credible entities.

3.3. Members of the Audit Committee

The remuneration of **members of the Audit Committee** as well as the remuneration of **Directors with non-executive duties** will continue to comprise a fixed component only.

3.4. Members of the shareholders general meeting

The **Chairman and secretary of the Shareholders General meeting** will keep a per meeting fee.

3.5. Statutory auditor

The **Statutory Auditor** will be remunerated in accordance with the auditing services agreement signed with Jerónimo Martins, which covers almost all its subsidiaries. This remuneration shall be in line with market practices and subject to the approval of the Audit Committee.

4. Alignment of long-term interests

The Remuneration Committee considers that the remuneration framework of Directors with executive duties is adequate and allows a strong alignment through the setting of appropriate targets of their interests with the interests of the Company to the long-term. The alignment with the long-term interests of the Company is reinforced by the circumstance that the current Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer is a member of the family who is the majority shareholder of the Company.

For that reason, the Remuneration Committee deems unnecessary to determine the maximum potential amount of the remuneration, in aggregate and/or for any individual, to be paid to members of Corporate Bodies (with no prejudice to the above mentioned regarding the proportion between the fixed and the variable remuneration of the executive directors). For these same reasons, it also finds unnecessary the inclusion of a claw back mechanism related to variable remuneration paid.

4.1. Variable Remuneration deferral

Without prejudice to the foregoing, to reinforce the alignment of executive directors' performance with the long-term interests of the Company, a significant part of the respective annual variable remuneration will be deferred in time, distributed over a period of four years, subject to the confirmation by the Remuneration Committee of the sustainability of performance (understood as the non-deterioration of the results, objectives and metrics that supported the level of variable remuneration attributed), in the following terms:

- i) 50% of the variable remuneration awarded will be due in the year of attribution;
- ii) 20% of the variable remuneration awarded will be due in the year following the attribution;
- iii) 15% of the variable remuneration awarded will be due in the second year following the attribution; and
- iv) 15% of the variable remuneration awarded will be due in the third year following the attribution.

In the event of termination of duties of the executive director, the following rules will be applied:

- a) If the termination of duties occurs due to a fact not attributable to the executive director, inter alia, due to retirement, death, illness, non-renewal of mandate or resignation pursuant to an agreement with the Company, the entire variable remuneration awarded, including the part that has been deferred, will be due in the year of termination, provided that the Remuneration Committee confirms that performance has been sustainable up to that moment;
- b) If the director ceases executive functions but remains as a non-executive director, the entire variable remuneration awarded, including the part that has been deferred, will be due on the scheduled dates, provided that the Remuneration Committee confirms that performance has been sustainable up to that moment;
- c) If the termination of duties occurs due to a fact attributable to the executive director, inter alia, due to dismissal for cause or resignation from the position for circumstances other than those referred to in paragraph a), the right to receive part of the variable remuneration that has been deferred will be extinguished.
- d) For the purposes of calculating the pensionable salary, under the terms of Plan C, of the Jerónimo Martins e Associadas Pension Fund, whenever the

last variable remuneration received should be taken into account - in the case of directors who no longer receive variable remuneration, but maintain eligibility conditions -, the entirety of the last variable remuneration awarded will be considered, regardless of its partial deferral.

5. Pension Plan and complementary remuneration

The Company also offers a Retirement Pension Plan for Directors with Executive Duties as approved by shareholders at the General Meeting. It is a Defined Contribution Pension Plan, in which the contribution rate is fixed in advance in line with the reference market best practices and the value of the benefits will vary depending on the actual earnings. Extraordinary contributions may be appropriate for short contributory careers or a mismatch between the contribution period and the whole career serving the Group.

The retirement age is reached in accordance with the rules for establishing the normal retirement age under the General Social Security Scheme.

A Participant will be in a state of total and permanent invalidity if recognized as such by the Portuguese Social Security. The pensionable salary is the gross monthly base salary multiplied by 14 and divided by 12. To this fixed monthly amount is added, at the end of each calendar year, a variable amount comprising all the amounts received as variable remuneration,

As established by the Remuneration Committee in 2010, life and health insurance fringe benefits for Directors with executive duties shall continue unchanged. These fringe benefits have no relevant weight on the remuneration of such Directors, representing less than 1% of the total remuneration.

6. Revision process

Ordinarily, at the end of each mandate, and extraordinarily, whenever justified, the Remuneration Committee will assess the need to propose to the shareholders general meeting, the revision of the remuneration policy, taking into account the aforementioned principles. With a view to applying, monitoring and defining possible proposals for revising the remuneration policy, the Committee meets at least once a quarter, in order to monitor the situation of the Company, and assess the adequacy of the corporate bodies' remuneration. In the exercise of its duties, the Remuneration Committee also requests the information and the internal and external studies (in this case, ensuring the competence and independence of the service providers that carry them out) that it deems relevant, and when needed, requests the participation of any directorates, departments and services of the Company.

7. Final remarks

The Remuneration Committee wishes to point out that:

- the Company does not have any type of plan for attribution of shares or share purchase options to Directors;
- there is no remuneration paid in the form of profit sharing.

The Company did not and will not adopt any policy or execute any contracts or arrangements with any Directors, members of the Audit Committee or members of the Company's Internal Committees related with the performance of their duties,

the applicable notice periods and the terms of the termination and payments linked to termination.

Lisbon, March 17th, 2025.

The Remuneration Committee

Jorge Ponce de Leão

Erik Geilenkirchen

Chittaranjan Kuchinad

**ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING
JERÓNIMO MARTINS, SGPS, S.A.**

April 24th, 2025

**PROPOSAL OF THE AUDIT COMMITTEE
(Item of the Agenda Concerning the Election of a New Statutory Auditor)**

Considering that:

- a) Portuguese and European Law establish a regime for the mandatory rotation of the Statutory Auditor;
- b) Under the applicable law, Ernst & Young Audit & Associados, SROC, S.A. has reached the maximum duration period of engagement with the Company;
- c) In this context, the Audit Committee launched and concluded, in due time, a tender process to select a new Statutory Auditor to be proposed to the Shareholders in the General Meeting, from which the two alternatives mentioned below have emerged.

The Audit Committee, pursuant to the terms of article 423-F, no. 1, subparagraph m) of the Portuguese Commercial Companies Code, article 3, no. 3, subparagraph f), of Law 148/2015, dated of 9 September 2015, that approved the Legal Regime of Audit Supervision, and article 16 of EU regulation no. 537/2014 from the European Parliament and Council of 16 April 2014, proposes to the Shareholders the following appointment for the role of

Statutory Auditor of the Company (in charge also of the limited assurance report on sustainability reporting) for the **2025-2027 term of office:**

Alternative A

Statutory Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers & Associados, SROC, LDA., member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 183, represented by its partner João Rui Fernandes Ramos, member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 1333.

Substitute

Rui Jorge dos Anjos Duarte, member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 1532.

Alternative B

Statutory Auditor

KPMG & Associados, Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A., member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 189, represented by its partner, Rui Filipe Dias Lopes, member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 1715.

Substitute

Carlos Miguel Lopes Pereira da Costa, member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 1377.

Considering the above mentioned alternatives, the Audit Committee, in compliance with article 3, no. 3, subparagraph f), of Law 148/2015, dated of 9 September 2015, **hereby recommends** the election of PricewaterhouseCoopers & Associados, SROC, LDA., member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 183, represented by its partner, João Rui Fernandes Ramos, member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 1333, as Statutory Auditor and Rui Jorge dos Anjos Duarte, member of the Statutory Auditors Association under no. 1532, as Substitute (**Alternative A**), that received, in general terms, the highest grade under the criteria observed during the tender, evidencing a profile suitable for the competences attributed to the Statutory Auditor of the Company.

The Audit Committee also declares that this recommendation is exempt from the influence of third parties and that there is no clause of a contract entered into between the Company and a third party restricting the choice by the General Meeting of Shareholders to certain categories or lists of statutory auditors or audit firms, as regards the appointment of a particular statutory auditor or audit firm to carry out the statutory audit of the Company.

Lisbon, March 14, 2025

The Audit Committee

Representatives of Statutory Auditor Company PricewaterhouseCoopers & Associados, SROC, LDA. (admitted to the Chartered Accountants Association with number 183)

Statutory Auditor Representative



João Ramos
Partner
joao.ramos@pwc.com

Years of Experience: 26 years

General qualifications (professional and academic)

- Assurance Lead Partner at PwC Portugal.
- Statutory auditor and Certified Public Accountant.
- Degree in Management and Business Administration at ISCTE.
- Postgraduate degree in Fiscal Management.
- Genesis Park program in Washington DC.
- Leadership Program (PADE) at AESE.
- Advanced management program at Nova University.

Experience at Jerónimo Martins Group:

- João has in-depth knowledge of Jerónimo Martins Group. He was a member of the audit team from 1998 to 2016.

Other relevant experience:

- Member of the Executive Team at PwC Portugal since 2019.
- Partner co-responsible for the Retail sector in Portugal.
- João, was responsible for the Human Capital area for four years until July 2023. He was also the Portuguese representative at the Change management program of PwC International.
- With more than 25 years of experience, João has provided services to some of the most important groups in Portugal and in Europe, focusing on assurance services, internal controls, restructuring and debt issuance projects.
- Responsible for international and multidisciplinary teams with experience in projects in Europe, USA, Brazil and Angola.
- He was also responsible and co-responsible for international quality reviews in France, Brazil and Mozambique.

Alternate Statutory Auditor



Rui Duarte
Partner
rui.duarte@pwc.com

Years of Experience: 25 years

General qualifications (professional and academic)

- Partner in assurance services at PwC Portugal.
- Statutory auditor and Certified Public Accountant.
- Bachelor's degree in Accounting and Business Administration.
- Specialization in Taxation.
- Management and Leadership Program for Executives.
- Business Management Program (PDE) at AESE.

Other relevant experience:

- Responsible for the Technical Committee of PwC Portugal.
- Business Transformation Leader at PwC Portugal until 2023.
- Partner responsible for the implementation of the audit methodology at PwC Portugal.
- Human Capital Champion of the audit department.
- Member of the PwC international group for the implementation of the Next Generation Audit.
- Member of the Global Assurance Quality Review group of PwC.
- Internal and external trainer (certified) with a focus on IFRS and SNC.

None of the representatives of PricewaterhouseCoopers & Associados, SROC, LDA. owns shares in Jerónimo Martins, SGPS, S.A.

Representatives of Statutory Auditor Company KPMG & Associados, Sociedade de Revisores Oficiais de Contas, S.A. (admitted to the Chartered Accountants Association with number 189)

Rui Lopes



Contacts

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QUALIFICATIONS

- Audit Partner at KPMG Portugal
- Degree in Economics from ISEG-UTL
- Executive training course at Nova School of Business & Economics, covering subjects such as Leadership and Innovation
- Certified Public Accountant. no. 1715
- CMVM Registration no. 20161076

EXPERIENCE

- Rui is currently a Partner in the Corporate Audit & Assurance area and responsible for Audit Innovation & Transformation at KPMG Portugal.
- He has significant experience in auditing and assurance, particularly in the Industrial, Consumer Markets and Energy & Natural Resources sectors, as well as in Groups listed on the Euronext Lisbon Stock Exchange.
- Rui has led several audit and assurance projects for national groups and companies, as well as for several subsidiaries of international groups in different accounting principles, such as IFRS/IAS, NCRF and PGC.
- He is responsible for several projects to ensure the reliability of financial and non-financial information, namely information reported to regulatory bodies, sustainability reports and other work of a specific nature, namely Due Diligence, debt issues, assessment of internal control systems and assignments jobs to check compliance with contractual requirements under bank financing contracts and the award of national and European subsidies.
- He participated in conversion processes from GAAP to IFRS and SNC, as well as in accounting support projects for consolidation, acquisitions and restructuring operations.
- Rui also regularly participates as a trainer in various KPMG training sessions related to NCRF/SNC, IFRS and Auditing.

No. of Jerónimo Martins shares held

Does not hold any Jerónimo Martins shares

Carlos Costa



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QUALIFICATIONS

- Audit Associate Partner at KPMG Portugal
- Degree in Economics from FEUNL
- Executive training course at Nova School of Business & Economics, covering subjects such as Leadership and Innovation
- Certified Public Accountant no. 1377
- CMVM Registration no. 20160987

EXPERIENCE

- Carlos is currently an Associate Partner in the Audit & Assurance area and responsible for the IT Audit area at KPMG Portugal.
- His activity has focused on the retail, industrial, energy and services sectors, and he has supervised and participated in several financial audits for entities that prepare their accounts in accordance with the SNC and based on the IFRS.
- Carlos participated in the project to assess the internal control system on the financial report of a company in the energy sector, as well as in other projects to implement and validate the internal control system within the scope of SOX in companies in the industrial and pharmaceutical sectors.
- He also participated in international projects, as well as in some projects with international teams coordinated from the KPMG office in Portugal.
- Carlos is responsible for performing audits of the internal control system from the point of view of information systems and audits of data quality.
- He is responsible for performing substantive procedures using CAATS (Computer-Assisted Auditing Techniques) for several entities with a relevant volume of data.

No. of Jerónimo Martins shares held

Does not hold any Jerónimo Martins shares